

# Graph Inequalities

Lesson 7-5

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Class: \_\_\_\_\_

## Key Vocabulary

Level 1 support

Picture first, then the word, then a plain-language meaning. Say each word out loud.

*A horizontal line with marks at 0, 1, 2, 3, ...  
showing where values fall*

### Number line

A line with numbers in order. You use it to show answers.

*$x > 5$ : open circle at 5 means 5 itself is NOT a  
solution, but 5.1, 6, 7, ... are*

### Open circle

An empty circle showing a number is NOT included.

*$x \geq 5$ : closed circle at 5 means 5 IS a solution, and  
so are 6, 7, 8, ...*

### Closed circle

A filled-in circle showing a number IS included.

*For  $x > 3$ , the solution set includes 3.1, 4, 5, 10, 100  
– any number greater than 3*

### Solution set

All the numbers that make the inequality true.

## Key Ideas & Notes

- Detective Okafor is building a timeline.
- The suspect was seen at the scene no earlier than 2:00 PM, meaning the arrival time  $t$  satisfies  $t \geq 2$ .
- She needs to plot this on a timeline to share with her team.
- How should she mark the number line?
- Graph each inequality on the number line. Decide whether to use an open or closed circle, then shade in the correct direction.

### Think About It

- What does 'no earlier than 2:00 PM' mean about the time?
- Should 2:00 PM itself be included?
- Which direction on the number line would you shade?

### My Notes

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## Guided Examples

### Example 1

**Which graph represents  $x < 5$ ?**

**Solution:**  $x < 5$  means 5 is NOT included (open circle) and values less than 5 are shaded (left).

**Answer:** A. Open circle at 5, shaded left

### Example 2

**Which graph represents  $x \geq 3$ ?**

**Solution:**  $x \geq 3$  means 3 IS included (closed circle) and values greater than or equal to 3 are shaded (right).

**Answer:** A. Closed circle at 3, shaded right

### Example 3

**Which graph represents  $x > 8$ ?**

**Solution:**  $x > 8$  means 8 is NOT included (open circle) and values greater than 8 are shaded to the right.

**Answer:** A. Open circle at 8, shaded right

# Write About the Math

## The Writing Revolution

I can explain my graph using the words number line, open circle, closed circle, and solution set.

### 1. Kernel Sentence subject + verb

**Model:** Number line is a line with numbers in order. You use it to show answers.

*Recta numérica es una línea con números en orden. La usas para mostrar respuestas.*

**Write a kernel sentence about number line. Use a subject and a verb.**

*Escribe una oración base sobre recta numérica. Usa un sujeto y un verbo.*

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### 2. Sentence Expansion because · but · so

**Kernel:** Number line matters in math

*Recta numérica importa en matemáticas*

Expand the kernel three ways. Add a reason, a contrast, and a result.

**because**  
*porque*

**Number line matters in math because \_\_\_\_.**

*Recta numérica importa en matemáticas porque \_\_\_\_.*

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**but**  
*pero*

**Number line matters in math, but \_\_\_\_.**

*Recta numérica importa en matemáticas, pero \_\_\_\_.*

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**so**  
*entonces*

**Number line matters in math, so \_\_\_\_.**

*Recta numérica importa en matemáticas, entonces \_\_\_\_.*

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### 3. Sentence Types 4 ways to write a math idea

**Statement**  
*Afirmación*

Tell one true fact about number line.  
*Di un hecho verdadero sobre number line.*

**Number line** \_\_\_\_.

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**Question**  
*Pregunta*

Ask a question about number line.  
*Haz una pregunta sobre number line.*

**How does** \_\_\_\_ ?

*¿Cómo* \_\_\_\_ ?

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**Exclamation**  
*Exclamación*

Show excitement about number line.  
*Muestra entusiasmo sobre number line.*

**Wow,** \_\_\_\_ !

*¡Guau,* \_\_\_\_ !

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**Command**  
*Mandato*

Tell a partner what to do with number line.  
*Dile a un compañero qué hacer con number line.*

**First,** \_\_\_\_ .

*Primero,* \_\_\_\_ .

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### 4. Explain Your Reasoning use a sentence starter

**I used a** \_\_\_\_ **circle** **because** \_\_\_\_.

*Usé un círculo* \_\_\_\_ *porque* \_\_\_\_.

**The arrow** **points** \_\_\_\_ **because** \_\_\_\_.

*La flecha apunta* \_\_\_\_ *porque* \_\_\_\_.

**This shows a limit** **like** \_\_\_\_.

*Esto muestra un límite como* \_\_\_\_.

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## Try It

Solve on your own. Check the answer key when you are done.

**1. Which graph represents  $x \leq 10$ ?**

- A. Closed circle at 10, shaded left
- B. Open circle at 10, shaded left
- C. Closed circle at 10, shaded right
- D. Open circle at 10, shaded right

Show your work:

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**2. A number line shows a closed circle at 8 and is shaded to the left. Which inequality does this represent?**

- A.  $x \leq 8$
- B.  $x < 8$
- C.  $x \geq 8$
- D.  $x > 8$

Show your work:

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## Stretch Your Thinking

Level 2 enrichment

Challenge task — explain your reasoning in full sentences.

**A theme park has two rides. Ride A requires height  $h > 48$  inches. Ride B requires height  $h \geq 48$  inches. A child is exactly 48 inches tall. Which ride can they go on?**

**Explain using number line graphs for both inequalities.**

*Sentence starter: For Ride A ( $h > 48$ ), the graph has a \_\_\_ circle at 48. Since  $48 > 48$  is \_\_\_, the child \_\_\_ ride A. For Ride B ( $h \geq 48$ ), the graph has a \_\_\_ circle at 48. Since  $48 \geq 48$  is \_\_\_, the child \_\_\_ ride B.*

Show your work:

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## Reflect — Exit Ticket

**How would you graph the inequality  $x \geq 9$ ?**

- A. Closed circle at 9, shaded right
- B. Open circle at 9, shaded right
- C. Closed circle at 9, shaded left
- D. Open circle at 9, shaded left

Your answer:

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## Answer Key & Teacher Guide

1. **Try It 1:** A. Closed circle at 10, shaded left —  $x \leq 10$  means 10 IS included (closed circle) and values less than or equal to 10 are shaded (left).
2. **Try It 2:** A.  $x \leq 8$  — Closed circle means the value is included ( $\leq$  or  $\geq$ ). Shaded left means less than or equal to:  $x \leq 8$ .
3. **Exit Ticket:** A. Closed circle at 9, shaded right —  $x \geq 9$  means 9 is included (closed circle) and values are 9 or greater (shaded right).

### Writing (TWR) — what to look for

- **Kernel sentence:** A complete sentence needs a subject and a verb. Example: Number line is a line with numbers in order. You use it to show answers.
- **Expansion:** *because* gives a reason, *but* shows a contrast or exception, *so* shows a result. Answers vary; each must keep the kernel idea and add the correct kind of detail.
- **Sentence types:** Statement ends with a period, question with "?", exclamation with "!", and a command starts with an action verb (a "bossy" verb).